

Prize Winner

Crystal Investigation Year 5-6

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Department of Defence





Oliphant Science Awards 2023 Crystal Investigation 5-6

Mawson Lakes School

THE EFFECT OF SODIUM CHLORIDE ON CRYSTAL GROWTH

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Introduction

In 2022, I grew some prize-winning crystals (composed of Aluminium Potassium Sulphate Dodecahydrate) which had two hypotheses:

I. Growing crystals in different water types can change a crystal's size, clarity, appearance, or colour because of the different mineral concentrations in each water source.

II. The saltwater crystal will be bigger than the Tap and Distilled water crystals as it has extra iron from the salt.

For the experiment, I used three different water sources; salt water (using table salt), distilled water and tap water. I then realised that a different mineral concentration *did* change a crystal's characteristics.

So, then I decided to investigate that in a deeper hypothesis, aiming for better clarity. Last year, the saltwater one had the best clarity so instead of salt, I decided to use sodium chloride, the purer form of salt.

Hypothesis

- I. Sodium chloride has an effect on the crystal's clarity.
- II. Sodium chloride has an effect on the crystal's size.
- **III.** The *amount* of sodium chloride has an effect on the crystal's overall size and clarity.

MATERIALS

- 1. Aluminium Potassium Sulphate Dodecahydrate
- 2. For glass beakers
- 3. Fishing line
- 4. A plastic container (to grow the seed crystals in)
- 5. A spoon
- 6. A kitchen scale
- 7. Four black plastic sticks
- 8. Permanent marker
- 9. A notebook (as a hard copy logbook)
- 10. A kitchen stove (to heat up the liquid)
- 11. Tissue
- 12. Black paper
- 13. Plastic





*Please note that overall, you will need ≈400g of Alum powder altogether, ≈100g of sodium chloride and about 2.5L of distilled water (this is just for you to get an idea of the required amount of ingredients to prevent future delays).

Logbook

Date				
DAY 1: 18.04.2023	Seed Crystal Preparation	Measured 500 ml of distilled water into a glass beaker and added 65 g of Alum. Stirred with a spoon and heated the glass beaker while stirring to dissolve the remaining Alum. Let it cool. Then, poured the solution into a shallow plastic container to grow.		
DAY 4: 21.04.2023	Observation	 lots of small crystals, a few have merged together to form clumps still, there are small Alum particles water temperature: VERY COOL, might heat it soon majority of the crystals are transparent AIM: to get symmetrical and clear seed crystals 		
DAY 20: 07.05.2023	Picked seed crystals	Selected 4 of the best seed crystals and carefully removed them. Put them on a paper towel to soak all the excess water that could cause unwanted crystal growth. Also allocated them their solutions and labelled them with a piece of paper. I let them be overnight.		
DAY 21 08.05.2023	Measurements	The 3 sodium chloride crystals Got the 4 seed crystals that were on the paper towel. Took some scales and measured each crystals' weight. MEDIAN crystal: 1.05 g Solution 1 crystal: 0.93 g Solution 2 crystal: 1.10 g Solution 3 crystal: 1.00 g Also got my fishing line and tied the crystals to them as well, leaving a >10cm remaining line.		
DAY 22: 09.05.2023	Saturation Levels			

DAY 23: 10.05.2023 Crystal Growing Day 1	Crystal Growing Preparation	them. Got my <i>A</i> and measured t Solution (Med Solution 1: 75 Solution 2: 75 Solution 3: 75 (Sodium chlor 18 g in 500 ml	Alum bottle and sodiun the following: (MEDIAN): 75 g g Alum, 18 g sodium of g Alum, 36 g sodium of g alum, 50 g sodium of ide amounts were select is equivalent to seawat	chloride hloride
Alum: 7	l Water: 500ml Distill 5 g Alum	TION 1 led Water: 500ml : 75 g im Chloride: 18 g	SOLUTION 2 Distilled Water: 500ml Alum: 75 g Sodium Chloride: 36 g	SOLUTION 3 Distilled Water: 500ml Alum: 75 g Sodium Chloride: 50 g
	stirring with a spoon to fully dis before taking all 4 to grow in m		spoon to fully dissolve ll 4 to grow in my room urs, I got the 4 crystals plastic stick. (<i>OPTION</i>	n. and put them into their allocated (AL) Labelled each beaker and
DAY 35 22.05.2023 Crystal Growing Day 13	Observation	Median:CRYSTAL: very big, poor clarity, uneven facesWATER: clear, little or no evaporationSolution 1:CRYSTAL: medium size, very clear, smooth and even facesWATER: clear, little (yet evident) evaporationSolution 2:CRYSTAL: moderate-sized crystal but extremely clearWATER: little or no evaporation, clear water is a little yellow(probably because of the sodium chloride)		

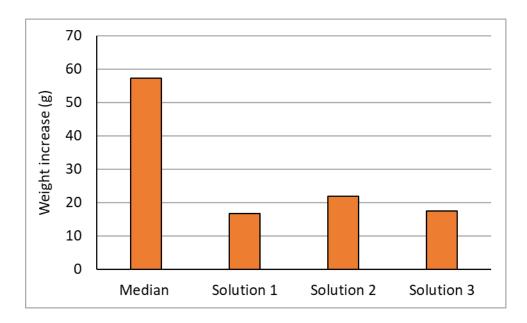
		Solution 3: CRYSTAL: small crystal, best clarity, crystalline clear WATER: More yellow yet clear water, evaporation not evident
DAY 37 24.05.2023 Crystal Growing Day 15	Heated Solution	First, took all 4 crystals out of their beakers and let them dry on a paper towel. Heated all 4 beakers on stove, while stirring with spoon, then letting them cool down afterwards. Put back the crystals to the cool solutions.
DAY 40 27.05.2023 Crystal Growing Day 18	Weight Taking	Took the weight of the crystals using the scales: Median: 14 g Solution 1: 5 g Solution 2: 3 g Solution 3: 2 g
DAY 48 04.06.2023 Crystal Growing Day 26	Observation	Median: CRYSTAL: extremely large, obscure crystals with no uneven nor smooth faces, not an octahedron WATER: clear, has lost 90ml of water already Solution 1: CRYSTAL: cloudy with little clarity crystal with more than 8 faces WATER: clearly a lot of evaporation (cannot determine) Solution 2: CRYSTAL: very small with the best clarity (very clear), flattened corners but smooth faces WATER: evident yet the least evaporation Solution 3: CRYSTAL: clarity good however there is some obscurity, smallest crystal and closest to an octahedron WATER: <50ml of water evaporation
DAY 62 18.06.2023 Crystal Growing Day 40	Heated Solution	Took all 4 crystals out and separately put all 4 beakers on the stove to heat up solution. Then, let to cool before placing the crystal back in.

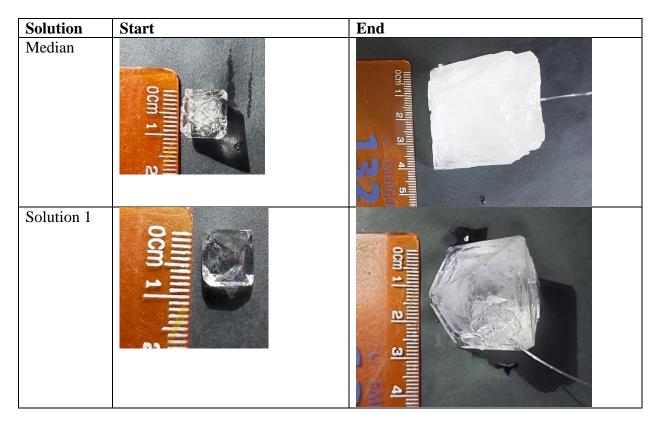
DAY 100 26.07.2023 Crystal Growing Day 78	End Crystal Growing	Today, ended the project. Took photos, weight and observations and also concluded the hypothesis.			
		dis-illed water End Crystals	Solution I: Mag Solium chieride	Solution 3: 5 Solution 3: 5 Solution 4 153 alum 153 alum 200	Solution 2:00 Solution 2:00 Interfet

Results

Crystal	Picture	Features
Median		 SOLUTION: 500ml Distilled Water, 75g Alum powder, 0g Sodium Chloride WEIGHT: Starting Weight: 1.05g End Weight: 58.35g CLARITY: Very obscure, barely transparent SIZE: Very big OBSERVATIONS: Irregular shape Not smooth sides Not an octahedron Uneven faces
Solution 1		 SOLUTION: 500ml Distilled Water, 75g Alum powder, 18g Sodium Chloride WEIGHT: Starting Weight: 0.93g End Weight: 17.67g CLARITY: Average. Very cloudy, little transparency shown SIZE: Quite large. OBSERVATIONS: Small crystals growing on the big crystal Smooth edges and even faces Octahedron

Solution 2	 SOLUTION: 500ml Distilled Water, 75g Alum powder, 36g Sodium Chloride WEIGHT: Starting Weight: 1.10g End Weight: 22.94g CLARITY: Moderate. Very cloudy, with little clarity SIZE: Third largest but overall moderately large OBSERVATIONS: Crystals growing on the big crystal Smooth sides and even faces Octahedron Some flattened corners
Solution 3	 SOLUTION: 500ml Distilled Water, 75g Alum powder, 50g Sodium Chloride WEIGHT: Starting Weight: 1.00g End Weight: 17.55g CLARITY: Best clarity yet moderate clarity SIZE: Smallest size but expected size OBSERVATIONS: Crystals growing on big crystal Smooth sides and even faces Octahedron Some curved corners







Conclusion:

After conducting the experiment, I can conclude that:

- I. Sodium chloride *does* have an effect on the crystal's clarity.
- II. Sodium chloride *does* have an effect on the crystal's size.
- III. The amount of sodium chloride *does not* have an effect on the crystal's overall size and clarity.

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