



Highly Commended

Crystal Investigation

Year 3-4

Sophia Papageorgakis
Emmeline Wingrave
Abbie Liu

Immanuel Primary School

Crystal Girls

Emmeline Wingrave
Abbie Liu
Sophia Papageorgakis



0259 - 024

Immanuel Primary School

Coordinator:

Sarah Nash

School Phone:

08 8294 8422

Student(s):

Sophia Papageorgakis
Emmeline Wingrave
Abbie Liu

Gender:

F
F
F

Patent Sought

N

App code:
7417381

Year Level: 3 - 4

Group Entry: Y

Students: 3

Category: Crystal Investigation

Project Title:

Crystal Star



20/6/20

Log Book

10:00 am

what are crystals?

- crystals are diamonds
- They are clear
- They are hard
- we grow crystals
- crystals are cold
- They have sharp edges
- They are solid

Definition

Crystals are a solid material where molecules join together in a highly ordered structure.

How are they formed

Solid into a hot liquid
As it cools a crystal forms
crystallisation is the process of
crystal formation.



20/6 10:00am

Questions

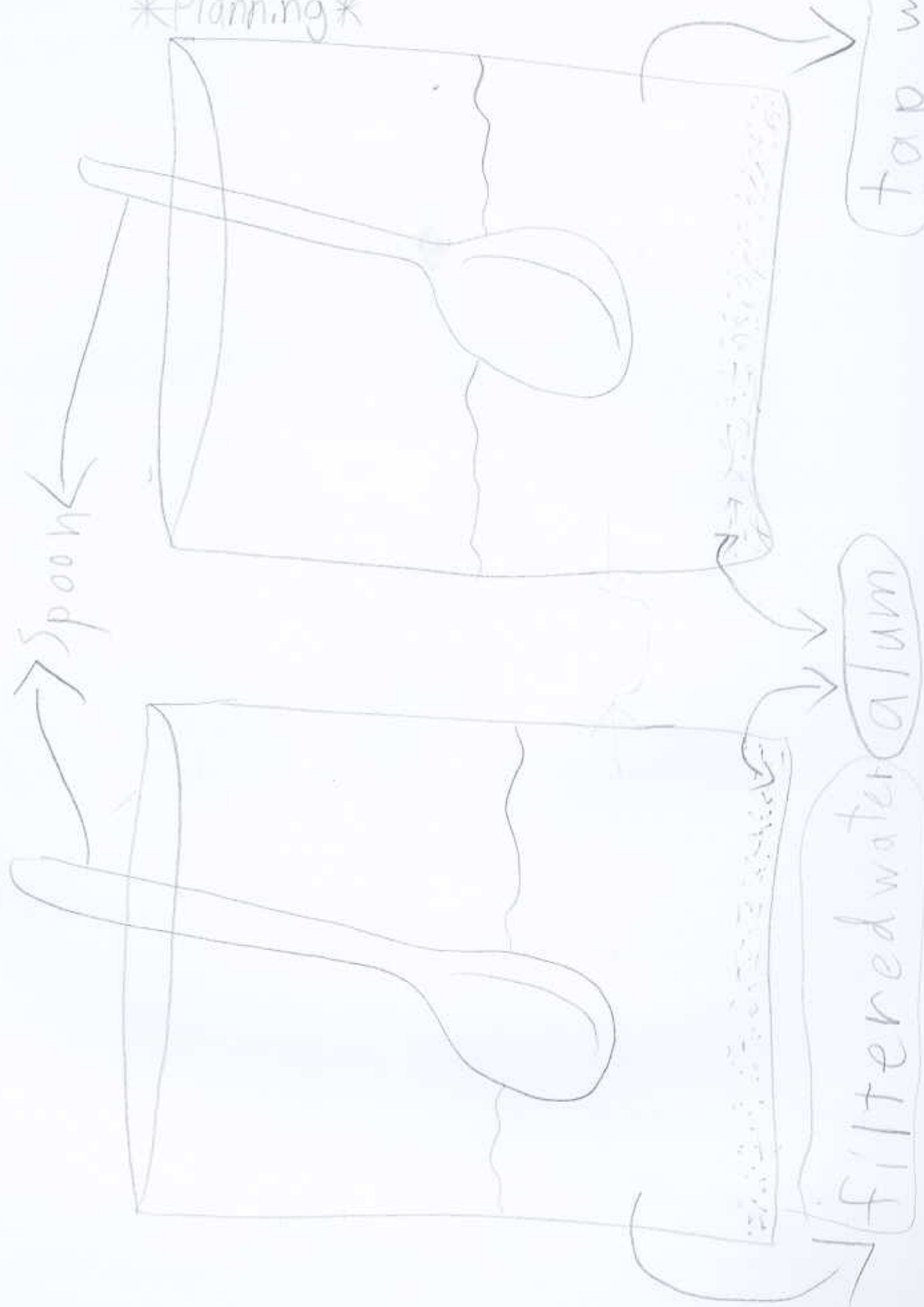
- light or dark places;

- fast or slow?

- * tap water or filtered water?

Crystal Seed

Planning

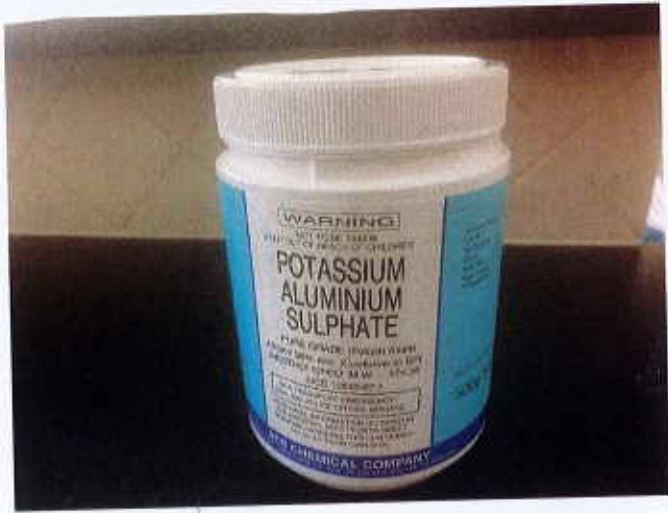


Prediction

I think the filter water will grow the best crystals



Solutes and Solvents



← Solute
Alum



← Solvent
Spring water



Solvent

tap water

Hypotheses

We hypothesize that alum crystals will grow faster in spring water than tap water. This hypothesis is based on

the assumption that tap water may contain other solutes that may interfere with the crystals growing process.

Controlled variables

- ♥ all grown in the same + temperature - window see
- ♥ all started with the same amount of alum and water, 1 1/2 teaspoons per half cup of water.
- ♥ all same size jars
- ♥ All left for the same amount of time.

Our Responding Variables

Temperature of solvent - hot 50°
or boiled 100°

Type of Solvent - 'Spring' or 'tap' water

Final Samples:

1. Spring - 50° hot
2. Spring - 100° boiled
3. Tap - 50° hot
4. Tap - 100° boiled

Equipment

- 1 cup of boiled 100° spring w

- 1 cup of hot 50° spring w

- 1 cup of boiled 100° tap water

- 1 cup of hot 50° tap water

- 4 jars

- Thermometer

- 3 teaspoons of alum per jar

- teaspoon measure

- mixing spoons

- nylon fishing line

- pencils per jar

Method

1. Label the jars
2. Heat the water on the stove to the desired temperature using the thermometer
3. measure out the alum using the teaspoons
4. Stir the alum into the water until it dissolves
5. Pour the water into the jars using the filter paper to get rid of any leftover particles.
6. cover the jars with filter paper
7. place jars in a warm place where they will not be agitated
8. monitor and wait for the crystals to grow.



2016
10:15am



made new samples with spring water -
why? we found out that boiling
up wasn't 'filtered' water! Boiling
water removes bacteria and
other organisms. However, it can
still contain other pollutants like
chlorine, lead.

• Had to remove jar lids
and cover with filter paper
why? water wasn't evaporating

• Had to change to wider, clear
glass jars - why? It was hard to see
if the crystals had formed in the
bubbly glass and some crystals
started forming together

• Had to add more alum
1 1/2 tsp why? the solution wasn't
saturated enough
crystals melted - why? too cold on the window
slept at night



20/6

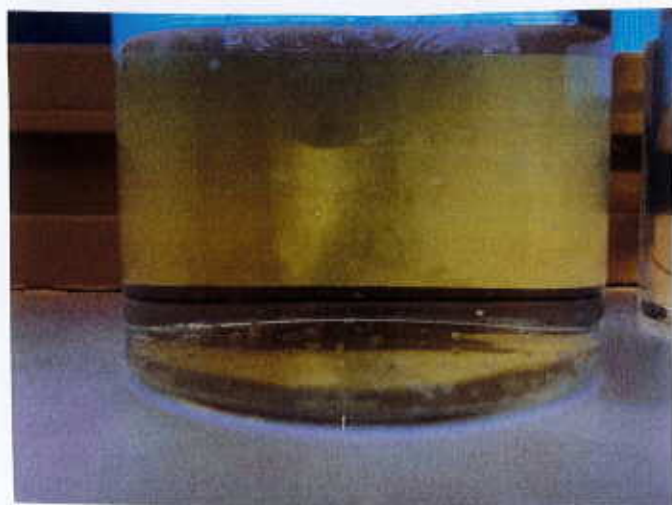
10:30am



21/6

8:00am

Findings



A. spring water
(boiled 100°)

After 24 hours

Lots of little
crystals

(Wed 24th June
5:14 pm)



B. spring water
(hot 50°)

wed 24th
June
5:14 pm



3 single crystals



C. Tap (boiled 50°)

crystals joined together

(Mon 29th June.
3:40pm)



bo tap water
(hot 50°)

Sat 27th
June.
3:40pm



line of
crystal

Growing the crystal seed
method:

1. Choose best crystal seed
2. Tie the nylon fishing line around it.
3. Attach the other end to the pop stick/pencil
4. Position the pop stick so the string is hanging in the middle of the jar in the liquid
5. Monitor - if it dissolves = add more alum - if other crystals form = new jar
6. When it is grown as large as it can, carefully remove it let it dry on some paper towel.

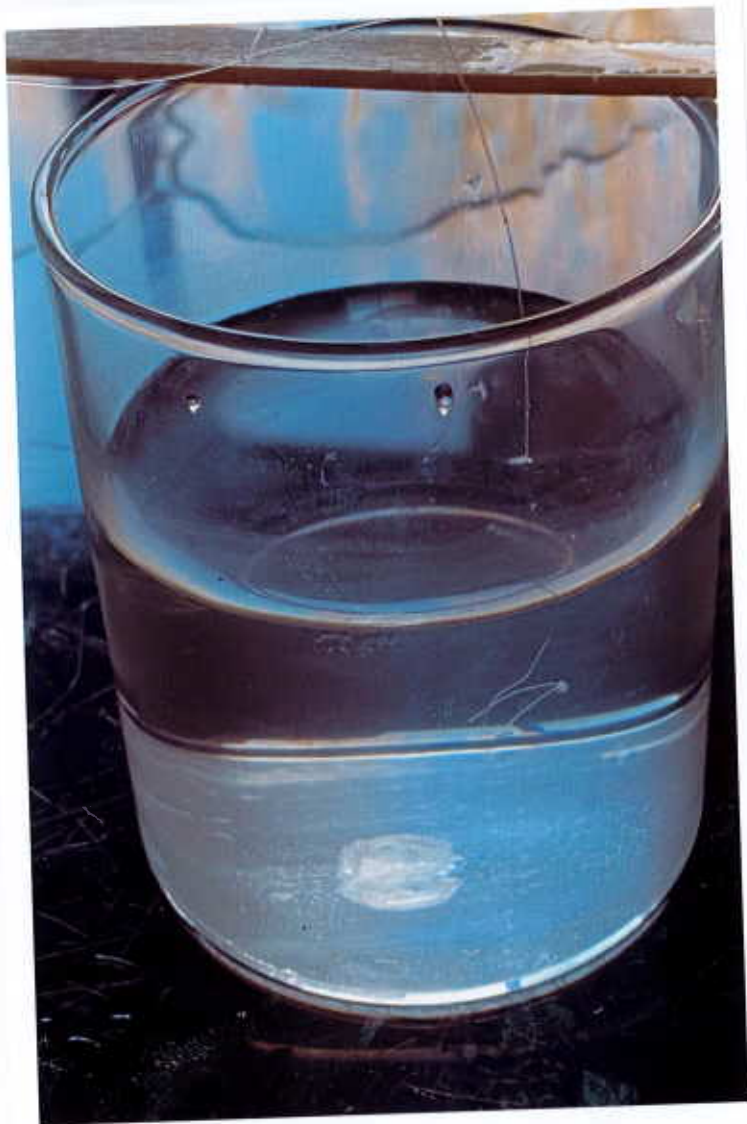


Sun 5th June

11:00am

problems

- super glue did not work - left white film of glue
- Tying the knot it kept coming undone!!
- The crystal started to dissolve - too hot in sun, not enough Alum
- Other crystals started to form in that jar



← crystal
kept falling
off

Monday 6th

June 8:00am

Findings:

The spring water produced the best formed crystal

Temperature of solvent

If you want to grow quickly many little crystals boil the water
if you want to grow a nice big seed just make it hot

why?

The hotter the water the more saturated the solution can get

The faster they grow, crystals may start to form before the liquid has completely cooled

why?

the process



Possible Errors:

- The Solution may have been agitated while it was forming
- the crystal got knocked when it fell off the string.

Improvements:

- Always use hot water
- Grow them in summer when there is sun
- See problems-how we fixed them

Adult help:

helped tie knots

...hypothesis) was correct.
The crystals grew faster in
spring water. The tap water
had other things in it that
interfered with the growth of
the crystals.



16th Aug Sat
4:00 pm 1 Final crystals

2